



















Attendance Statement from the Governing Bodies & Headteachers of Petersfield Area Local Schools (PALS)

All schools emphasise the importance of high and-regular attendance. If young people are not in school, they are not learning and cannot make good progress.

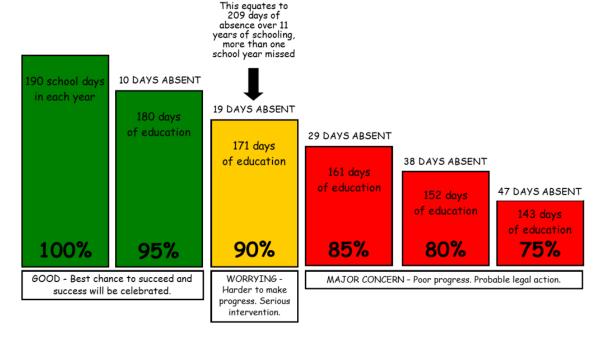
We believe that excellent attendance is essential for a child's education to be successful. It is the responsibility of parents to ensure that their child attends school. We thank those parents who ensure that attendance is above 95%. Absence from school should only occur in the extreme of circumstances and holidays taken in term time will not be authorised.

- 95% as a minimum is an acceptable level for progress not to be adversely affected.
- A 90% attendance rate results in 18 days of lost education, with 29 days lost at 85% and with 80% equating to a half term of learning missed.

All the schools in the Petersfield area want our young people to develop into confident, resilient and respectful citizens. It is important that we all work together to achieve this and we expect parents/carers to support the procedures of good attendance outlined in this document. The vast majority of parents/carers support schools in what schools are trying to achieve with regards to attendance. Where it is necessary parents/carers will be referred to this document when it is clear that support is not forthcoming.

What is excellent attendance?

The graph clearly shows what all schools expect in terms of excellent attendance. 90% attendance is not good enough; it needs to be 95% and above.



How does attendance affect progress?

There is a direct correlation between excellent attendance and student outcomes. Attendance below 95% can adversely affect the academic progress of your child and limit their social development as they have reduced access to activities that promote this. Those who have 95% and better attendance **make significantly positive progress.**

Those students with under 95% attendance do not make as much progress as those with similar abilities across the country while those with 80% attendance make significantly **less progress** than those of similar ability across the country. There are always exceptions to this but overall the statistics really reinforce and clearly show that attendance matters. If a child is not in school, they are not learning and can get left behind.

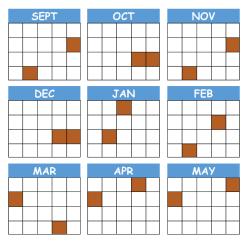
How can you encourage good attendance?

- Expect your child to go to school and ensure that your child knows this.
- Ask your child about their day at school and talk about what they might be doing in the future at

- school.
- Approach school earlier rather than later on issues with attendance.
- If your child's attendance could be attributed to emotional wellbeing, please contact us to make us aware so that we can offer appropriate support

Absent, but able to learn: If your child is absent due to a long term or contagious illness but is able to work at times, please contact the school to request work. We may be able to provide online learning.

Appointments: Routine medical and dental appointments should be made outside the school day whenever possible. If taken in the school day, when possible, register for the session before attending an appointment and return to school following an appointment. As schools, we only authorise a maximum of half a day for a single <u>urgent</u> or <u>specialist</u> medical appointment and evidence will be requested in the form of an appointment confirmation message, letter, booking slip or similar. Please be aware that the absence or illness of a student should not affect the education of their siblings.



Persistent absence

A persistent absentee is defined as attendance below 90%. A typical pattern of absence could look like the example below, totalling18 days of absence in the school year. If this were to continue for five years of secondary school, they would miss the equivalent of half of a school year.

Holidays: Holidays in term time will not be authorized apart from in exceptional circumstances and then, the length of time authorised is likely to be limited. Parents of students found to have been on holiday when either authorisation had not been granted or permission not sought will be liable to prosecution.

A **bsence in exceptional circumstances**: The decision to authorise an absence due to exceptional circumstances is based on individual circumstances and considered on a case by case basis by the Headteacher.

Absence due to illness: HCC guidance (www.hants.gov.uk) states if your child has no temperature but has a cough, cold, headache, earache then as with adults, the medical advice is to give them paracetamol and send them to school. We will always contact you if your child's condition worsens or if we believe their illness is contagious such as chicken pox, vomiting, etc. Please refer to the school attendance policy or the school website for further information.

The Process: We monitor all student's attendance very closely. When a student's attendance is a cause for concern, each school will follow their own formal procedural stages as detailed in their attendance policies. This may result in a penalty notice being issued.

At every stage it is imperative that parents/carers ensure that there are good lines of communication with the school. The school will endeavour to support, advise and provide strategies for parents/carers who are willing to engage.

Punctuality: Missed registration will be regarded as unauthorised absence and relevant legal proceedings may ensue.

Hampshire advice is available via their website:

https://www.hants.gov.uk/educationandlearning/behaviour-attendance-parents

If you would like further clarification, please contact your child's school.